MYSORE JAIL.

Notification dated 29th May 1909.

1. Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received up to 9 A.M., on Saturday the 19th June 1909, by the Superintendent of the Mysore Jail, for the supply, by contract, of the following articles of rations required for the use of the prisoners confined in the Mysore Jail, from 1st July 1909 to 30th June 1910, both days inclusive.

2. No tenders will be received after the date above mentioned.

3. No tenders will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 in cash or currency notes.

4. Tenders will be opened by the Superintendent of the Mysore Jail at his office on the date and hour above named, in the presence of such tenderers as may choose to attend.

5. All tenders must specify the rates at which the following articles can be supplied in pound weight, per rupee, and all articles supplied to be of good quality. In case of milk the number of pints per rupee should be mentioned.

6. List of articles which may be required for the period specified above, for an average of 200 prisoners daily.

Articles	Probable Quantity required	Articles	Probable Quantity required	Remarks
	lbs.		lbs.	
Rice (boiled and unboiled) ...	20,000	Gingelly oil	2,000	All articles to be of the 1st sort.
Ragi (1st sort)	80,000	Vegetables	23,000	
Tuvar dall	12,000	Firewood	80,000	
Ballar dall	18,000	Sugar	600	
Curry powder	1,000	Sooji ...	700	
Salt	2,000	Bread	300	
Onions	2,000	Milk ...	8,000 pints	
Garlic ...	20	Tyre	100 lbs.	
Tamarind (without seeds and fibre).	2,000			
Ghee	20	Mutton (without bone) ...	100 lbs.	

N. B.—The quantities stated above are not guaranteed.

7. The contractor will supply ragi grain to be ground by convicts, which will be issued as flour. The supply to be calculated and payment made upon the quantity of flour so issued at the rate of the ragi grain.

8. The Superintendent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, and he may reject any tender without assigning any reason for it.

9. The deposit of the successful tenderer will be retained, and will be forfeited if he fails to execute the contract bond, a form of which could be seen at the Superintendent's office, or furnish security to the amount of Rs. 500 in cash or Government paper, within one week from the date of the acceptance of his contract being made known to him.

10. The contract for supplies shall be entered into for the whole year, at the end of which alone final adjustment of accounts will take place. In the meanwhile, to facilitate supplies, advances to the extent of the value of supplies made in a month, will be made to the contractor at the end of that month by which time bills with vouchers must be submitted duly signed by him (contractor) in presence of the Superintendent.

11. Store-rooms will be made over to the contractor in which he can keep all non-perishable articles, of which not less than one month's supply must always be in store. Perishable articles such as vegetables, etc., must be at the Jail by 7 A.M. daily.

12. This contract shall not be sub-let.

13. A fine not exceeding Rs. 50 will be levied at the discretion of the Superintendent of the Jail, for any infringement of the stipulations of the contract, or for the supply of inferior articles, and, if frequently violated, the contract may be annulled and the security confiscated to Government.

14. The decision of the Superintendent will be final in all questions of infringement of contract.

15. If called upon to do so, the contractor will be bound to purchase vegetables and other Jail produce required for the use of the prisoners from the Jail at the contract rates.

16. Any further information can be obtained on applying at the Superintendent's office.

17. The contract will be subject to the confirmation by the Inspector-General of Prisons in Mysore, who reserves to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders.

18. In case the contractor, after taking the contract, is not willing to carry out his agreement, he shall give at least one month's notice and shall forfeit the deposit money to Government.

19. The contractor will also be bound to make good to Government any loss which may arise from his failure, or by Government having to purchase the articles specified in the contract in the local markets at higher rates than those contracted for.

N. B.—No concession of any kind will be allowed in the above contract.